

# **Lakeshore Technical College**

# 10-620-104 Fluid Power II

# **Course Outcome Summary**

# **Course Information**

**Description** ...enhances the learner's ability to read schematics containing fluid power

component symbols; assemble systems using schematics; analyze system's operation using a schematic; evaluate the general characteristics and terms of fluids under pressure, fluid conditioning, conductors, reservoirs, accumulators, pressure

control; and troubleshoot malfunctioning pressurized systems.

Total Credits 3
Total Hours 64

# **Pre/Corequisites**

Prerequisite Successful completion of 620-103 Fluid Power 1 with a minimum grade of "C"

Prerequisite Successful completion of Intermediate Algebra with a minimum grade of "C" or Instructor

approval

### **Textbooks**

Eaton – *Industrial Hydraulics Manual* – ISBN: - 13: 978-0-9788022-0-2 Copyright 2010. This text is used in both Fluid Power I and Fluid Power II courses

Lab-Volt. *Hydraulic Fundamentals - Fluid Power - Student Manual* 30794-00. ISBN: 2-89289-349-6 Required.

Lab-Volt. *Pneumatic Fundamentals - Fluid Power - Student Manual* 31290-00. ISBN: 2-89289-383-6 Required

# **Learner Supplies**

Calculator

Note Book

# **Course Competencies**

# 1. Evaluate industrial air systems, equipment, and air quality

Linked Core Abilities
Apply learning
Communicate effectively
Demonstrate critical thinking
Use mathematics effectively

**Assessment Strategies** 

- 1.1. Written Objective Test
- 1.2. Performance
- 1.3. Project

#### Criteria

- 1.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can identify the pars of an industrial air system
- 1.2. Your performance will be successful when you use the proper formulas to calculate the size of compressor and receiver
- 1.3. Your performance will be successful when you can apply the proper formulas to calculate flow and pressure drop

## **Learning Objectives**

- 1.a. Identify parts of a pneumatic system
- 1.b. Calculate the size of compressor required in CFM and identify the Hp required
- 1.c. Calculate the size of receiver tank required
- 1.d. Calculate the velocity of air flow through piping
- 1.e. Describe the relationship between pressure drop and flow
- 1.f. Relate and select the appropriate equipment for a facilities air

# 2. Interpret schematics containing hydraulic component symbols

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 2.1. Performance
- 2.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 2.1. Your performance will be successful when you can properly match the components on a drawing with components on an industrial air system.
- 2.2. Your performance will be successful when you can construct a hydraulic system from a drawing

## **Learning Objectives**

- 2.a. Identify industry standardized colors to correct function
- 2.b. Identify components on trainer from a graphic diagram
- 2.c. Draw individual component symbols from a word description
- 2.d. Construct an operating hydraulic system from a graphic diagram of the circuit

## 3. Assemble a hydraulic system using a hydraulic schematic.

# **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Demonstrate critical thinking

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 3.1. Performance
- 3.2. Written Objective Test

#### **Learning Objectives**

- 3.a. Construct a graphic diagram from a pictorial representation of a circuit
- 3.b. Assemble a hydraulic system
- 3.c. Identify hydraulic system components

# 4. Analyze a hydraulic systems operation by using a hydraulic schematic

#### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Work cooperatively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 4.1. Performance
- 4.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

4.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can draw an already constructed system

## **Learning Objectives**

- 4.a. Explain the various types of diagrams used in hydraulics; such as graphic, pictorial, cutaway and combination
- 4.b. Identify components from a graphic diagram

## Evaluate the general characteristics, terms, etc., of linear actuators

#### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Demonstrate critical thinking

## **Assessment Strategies**

- 5.1. Performance
- 5.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 5.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can explain in writting the diagrams provided
- 5.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can select and use the proper formulas for the proplems provided.
- 5.3. Your perfromance will be acceptable when you can identify the types of cylinder mountings

## **Learning Objectives**

- 5.a. Identify parts of a pneumatic cylinder
- 5.b. Calculate compressive load for a given cylinder
- 5.c. Calculate tensile load for a given cylinder
- 5.d. Calculate compression ratio for given cylinder
- 5.e. Calculate the size of a cylinder using Pascal's Law given total load and pressure values.
- 5.f. Define terms associated with cylinders such as: rod gland, compression load, basic length, tension load, buckling, stroke adjuster, stop tube, cushion, compression ratio, rod sag, rod end, and cap end
- 5.g. Explain the reason for using stop tubes in pneumatic cylinders
- 5.h. Explain why cushions are used on pneumatic cylinders and differentiate between spear and sleeve cushions
- 5.i. Describe the following cylinder mounting methods: head trunnion, flange, and side lug

## 6. Assemble hydraulic circuit using cylinders

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 6.1. Performance
- 6.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

6.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate the proper methods of attaching cylinder end caps

# **Learning Objectives**

- 6.a. Identify various methods of cylinder mounting styles
- 6.b. Identify three methods of attaching end caps to cylinder body

### 7. Evaluate the general characteristics, terms, etc. of hydraulic cylinders

**Linked Core Abilities** 

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors Respect and appreciate diversity Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 7.1. Performance
- 7.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 7.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe in writing series and parallel fluid power circuits
- 7.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can design / draw both series and parallel fluid power circuits.
- 7.3. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can explain in writing the extension and retraction speed of a cylinder

# **Learning Objectives**

- 7.a. Explain why a linear actuator takes longer to extend than to retract
- 7.b. Demonstrate pressure intensification in a series circuit
- 7.c. Accept the extension sequence of parallel cylinders having differing bore sizes.
- 7.d. Describe the purpose of cylinder cushioning
- 7.e. Describe how cylinders operate in series
- 7.f. Describe how cylinders operate in parallel
- 7.g. List three common places that cylinders have seals
- 7.h. Define the following terms as they relate to hydraulic cylinders; rod gland seal, ram, cap end, rod end, head end, blind end, double acting, single acting, duplex cylinder, tandem cylinder and port, i. Synchronize

# Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic fluids

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

8.

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 8.1. Performance
- 8.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 8.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe and demonstrate the effects of temperature change on fluid viscosity
- 8.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you properly identify the fluid additive for a given deficiency

## **Learning Objectives**

- 8.a. Accept the effect of temperature change on viscosity
- 8.b. Identify four requirements for a fluid in a hydraulic system
- 8.c. Identify quality requirements of hydraulic fluid
- 8.d. Define viscosity
- 8.e. List four additives commonly found in hydraulic oils and explain their functions
- 8.f. Define terms associated with fluids, such as: dash number, viscosity index, Saybolt Universal Second
- 8.g. Describe operating/maintenance procedures that should be followed to assure maximum oil life

# 9. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic fluid conditioning (filtering)

# **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

### Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 9.1. Performance
- 9.2. Written Objective Test

## **Learning Objectives**

- 9.a. Identify type of filtration by position in a system
- 9.b. Describe the characteristics of depth and surface type filter elements
- 9.c. Define terms associated with filters, such as: nominal rating, absolute rating, micron, cavitation, aeration, by-pass valve
- 9.d. List sources of contamination

# 10. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic fluid conductors

#### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 10.1. Performance
- 10.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 10.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can apply the proper formulas to calculate velocity in a hydraulic line
- 10.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate how to use a nomograph to identify fluid velocity in a pipe

## **Learning Objectives**

- 10.a. Identify three broad types of conductors
- 10.b. Describe how pipe size is classified
- 10.c. Explain proper installation recommendations that will avoid leaks, contamination of the system and noisy operation
- 10.d. Calculate velocity in a hydraulic line using a nomograph

# 11. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic reservoirs

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 11.1. Performance
- 11.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 11.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you demonstrate your understanding of the functions of a reservoir
- 11.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe in writting the proper design of a hydraulic reservoir

### **Learning Objectives**

- 11.a. Identify parts of a reservoir
- 11.b. Name three possible functions of the reservoir
- 11.c. Describe what a reservoir baffle plate is used for

# 12. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of regenerative circuits

**Linked Core Abilities** 

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Use mathematics effectively

Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 12.1. Performance
- 12.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 12.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe and demonstrate a regenerative system
- 12.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe both regenerative and standard hydraulic circuits

# **Learning Objectives**

- 12.a. Describe the operation of a regenerative circuit
- 12.b. Describe the effect of regeneration on cylinder speed
- 12.c. Describe the effect of regeneration on cylinder force
- 12.d. Explain the actuator requirements for a regenerative circuit
- 12.e. Compare regenerative circuits with standard actuator circuits

# 13. Troubleshoot regenerative circuits

#### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 13.1. Performance
- 13.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

13.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate your ability to identify and resolve hydraulic problems in a regenerative circuit

### **Learning Objectives**

- 13.a. Draw a schematic diagram of a regenerative circuit and trace the flow of fluid during different modes of operation
- 13.b. Demonstrate how a regenerative circuit operates

# 14. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic accumulators

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Use mathematics effectively

Work cooperatively

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 14.1. Performance
- 14.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 14.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe in writing the comparison between an accumulator in a hydraulic circuit to a capacitor in an electrical circuit.
- 14.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate circuits using accumulators
- 14.3. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can explain how accumulators are used in a hydraulic circuit

### **Learning Objectives**

- 14.a. Compare accumulator action in a hydraulic circuit to capacitor action within an electrical circuit
- 14.b. Explain the use of accumulators as energy supplies
- 14.c. Explain how an accumulator may be used as emergency for back-up power
- 14.d. Explain how an accumulator can be used to hold loads
- 14.e. Explain why compressed air is not used in hydro pneumatic accumulators
- 14.f. Summarize the safety requirements for accumulator circuits
- 14.g. Explain "Boyle's Law" as it pertains to gas charged accumulators
- 14.h. Explain how pre-charge pressure and system pressure relate to volume of oil stored in an accumulator
- 14.i. Identify factors that are used to rate accumulators

# 15. Identify general types of accumulators

### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Demonstrate critical thinking

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 15.1. Performance
- 15.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

15.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can list the types of accumulators, their positive and negative points.

## **Learning Objectives**

- 15.a. Identify the general types of accumulators
- 15.b. Explain the operation of a spring-loaded accumulator
- 15.c. Explain the operation of a hydro pneumatic accumulator
- 15.d. Explain the operation of a weight-loaded accumulator
- 15.e. Identify various accumulator symbols

## 16. Evaluate the general characteristics and terms of hydraulic pressure control valves

# **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 16.1. Performance
- 16.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 16.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe and draw the symbols of the different pressure control valves
- 16.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can identify and build circuits using the different pressure control valves

# **Learning Objectives**

- 16.a. Explain how an internally drained valve differs from an externally drained valve
- 16.b. Explain how a pressure relief valve can be controlled remotely
- 16.c. Define terms associated with pressure control valves, such as: normally open, normally closed, cracking pressure, full flow pressure, pressure override, balanced valve and infinite positioning

- 16.d. Identify symbols for various types of pressure control valves
- 16.e. Identify two purposes of a pressure relief valve

# 17. Analyze the operation of hydraulic pressure control valves in various hydraulic circuits

#### **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate critical thinking

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Use mathematics effectively

Work cooperatively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 17.1. Performance
- 17.2. Written Objective Test

### Criteria

17.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can describe in writing, the operation of each pressure control valve

### **Learning Objectives**

- 17.a. Describe the design and operation of a pressure relief valve
- 17.b. Trace the fluid flow through various valves during particular modes of operation
- 17.c. Describe the design and operation of a unloading valve
- 17.d. Describe the design and operation of a pressure reducing valve
- 17.e. Describe the design and operation of a sequence valve
- 17.f. Describe the design and operation of a counterbalance valve
- 17.g. Describe the design and operation of a brake valve
- 17.h. Test the operation of a clamp and bend circuit using a pressure reducing valve
- 17.i. Control the tonnage of a press cylinder remotely

# 18. Apply manufacture specifications to test the main components of a hydraulic system

## **Linked Core Abilities**

Apply learning

Communicate effectively

Demonstrate responsible and professional workplace behaviors

Respect and appreciate diversity

Work cooperatively

## **Assessment Strategies**

- 18.1. Performance
- 18.2. Written Objective Test

#### Criteria

- 18.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can evaluate the condition of a directional control valve.
- 18.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate the effects of temperature on hydraulic component leakage

# **Learning Objectives**

- 18.a. Show normal leakage of a directional valve
- 18.b. Evaluate the condition of a directional valve according to the amount of leakage flow
- 18.c. Verify the accuracy of a flow meter
- 18.d. Determine the effect of temperature on flow meter accuracy

# 19. Troubleshoot a malfunctioning hydraulic system

**Linked Core Abilities** 

Apply learning

Demonstrate critical thinking

Respect and appreciate diversity

Use mathematics effectively

# **Assessment Strategies**

- 19.1. Performance
- 19.2. Written Objective Test

### Criteria

- 19.1. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate troubleshooting of a hydraulic circuit
- 19.2. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can demonstrate tracing contamination to a source
- 19.3. Your performance will be satisfactory when you can interpret symptoms in a hydraulic circuit

# **Learning Objectives**

- 19.a. Explain hydraulic machine operation in terms of flow and pressure
- 19.b. Diagnose a systems heat problem
- 19.c. Trace contamination problems to their source
- 19.d. Determine why a pump is cavitating or aerating
- 19.e. Interpret symptoms in a circuit which uses pressure controlled valves